Collecting emails

Challenges and complexities

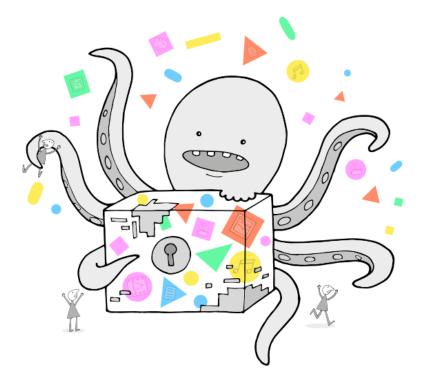
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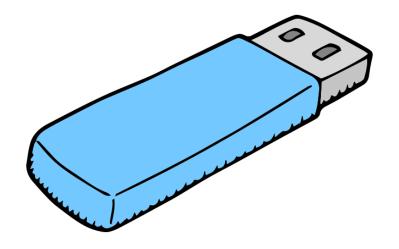
Workflow

Current context for emails at the State Library of New South Wales



- Lack of defined workflow for preservation and access does not impact decisions for acquisition
- Already receiving collections with email components
- Highlighting potential future workflow options encourages staff to acquire
- Multiple solutions in development or research, nothing built in with existing system architecture

Acquisition



- Providing instructions to collection owner
 - →Differs based on email provider/software
 - →General rule is to create a 'folder' of selected emails for export, including both sent and received emails where possible
 - →Impacted by owner's computer literacy
- Acquiring a copy from the owner
 - → File format differs based on email provider/software
 - →Technical limitations of owner's computer for export can have a big impact
- Standard born-digital procedure to 'bag' files on network storage

Valuation



- Digital material requires valuation for inclusion in the collection
- How do you value an email?
 - →By size? What about duplication?
 - →By content? How do you generate and provide a summary? What information is important?
- Valuation requires access for determination
 - →Utilise original software for browsing?
 - →Use Forensic Toolkit?
 - →Use ePADD?

Sensitivity



- Emails contain a lot of personally identifiable information (PII) in various places, not just the body text
- The content of an email may be sensitive
- Ability to identify and redact PII impacted by file format
- Identification is not as much as a challenge as redaction

Processing



- How do we process email for preservation and access?
 - →Converting PST to MBOX?
 - →Extract individual emails in PDF or EML format?
 - →Analysis in ePADD for archival description?
 - →Can we process emails in PDF format in the same way?
- What information should be stored in the catalogue vs preservation system?

Preservation



- Collection Preservation Policy determines preservation of the original file, regardless of format
- Consideration for migration to MBOX for preservation and access where appropriate (e.g. for use in ePADD)
- Established workflows for ingestion and preservation for other file formats, untested for emails
- Bit level preservation is not a challenge

Access



- Plans for a dedicated, restricted computer for accessing digital collections in the reading room
- Can we provide access online with integrated viewers as part of our Collection Experience Program?
- How do researchers want to engage with emails?
 - →Emulated in the original computer environment?
 - →In depth analysis, eg ePADD, FTK?

References and further reading

- SLNSW Collection Experience Program, https://collection.sl.nsw.gov.au/about
- SLNSW Collection Preservation Policy 2021, <u>https://www.sl.nsw.gov.au/sites/default/files/collection</u> <u>preservation policy.pdf</u>
- Australasia Preserves, COVID-19 collecting email meetup, https://www.australasiapreserves.org/2020/05/covid-19-collecting-meetup.html
- Review, Appraisal, and Triage of Mail, https://ratom.web.unc.edu/
- Task Force on Technical Approaches for Email Archives. 2020. "Requirements for Archiving Email Using PDF (Draft)." Accessed 27 May 2021 https://docs.google.com/document/d/1JNij3M2UK2XUdsnRg4j9j33XPaKj5-JSvijwpqlwbRo/edit?usp=sharing

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